Rational Modeling Algorithm for Passive Microwave Structures and Systems

Dirk Deschrijver, Tom Dhaene, Oliver Salazar Celis and Annie Cuyt

Abstract An efficient identification method is proposed for passive rational approximation of frequency domain responses. The method is applied to compute a transfer function from tabulated S-parameter data of a multiport microwave filter. Numerical results validate the robustness and efficacy of the modeling approach.

1 Introduction

Broadband characterization of passive linear systems, based on measured and simulated data has become a topic of intense research, mainly due to the increasing speed and decreasing size of electronic circuits. While the operating frequency is increasing well above the multi-GHz frequency range, parasitic effects that were previously ignored cannot be overlooked anymore for accurate system level analysis [1]. This complicates the modeling and design of RF, microwave and millimeter-wave components and systems. The number of design failures caused by signal and power integrity problems has become problematic because the existing design tools and modeling methodologies cannot address these issues in an appropriate way [2, 3].

Common approaches to tackle these problems are based on the approximation of tabulated S-parameter frequency responses using rational functions and subsequently synthesizing a SPICE compatible macromodel [4,5]. These macromodels approximate the complex electromagnetic (EM) behavior of high-speed multi-port systems at the input-output ports in the frequency domain by rational functions [6].

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The advantage of this approach is that a circuit can be modeled as a black-box, and that no knowledge of its internal logic is required for the modeling process [7].

In 1999, the iterative Vector Fitting (VF) technique was introduced [8–10] to compute such macromodels in a robust and efficient way. It is applicable to both smooth and resonant responses with high orders and wide frequency bands. An additional advantage is that stability of the poles is easily enforced by a simple pole-flipping scheme. Since VF is now adopted in many societies of applied engineering, including power systems and microwave systems, it has drawn a lot of attention from researchers, and it has become the de-facto standard for rational approximation. A general overview of the VF methodology was recently presented in [11].

A known restriction of the technique is that the computed macromodels are not guaranteed to be passive by construction. Nevertheless, passivity of the macromodel is of crucial importance since a non-passive macromodel may lead to unstable transient simulations in an unpredictable manner [12, 13]. This paper applies a new passivity enforcement technique that is able to enforce passivity to a non-passive rational macromodel by means of an overdetermined least-squares fitting algorithm [14].

Numerical results show that the presented approach achieves an excellent tradeoff between computation time and accuracy preservation of the macromodel.

2 Vector Fitting Algorithm

Given a set of S-parameter data samples $\{s_k, H_{mn}(s_k)\}_{k=1}^K$, the VF algorithm [8] computes a rational macromodel that matches the frequency response by solving several least squares problems in successive iteration steps (t = 0, ..., T), where $1 \le m, n \le Q$ denotes the m^{th} row and the n^{th} column of a Q-port transfer matrix H.

$$\arg\min\left|\left(\Psi H_{mn}\right)^{t}(s) - \Psi^{t}(s)H_{mn}(s)\right|^{2} \tag{1}$$

Both $(\Psi H_{mn})^t(s)$ and $\Psi^t(s)$ in (1) are expanded as a linear combination of partial fractions (or orthonormal rational functions [15]) that share common poles $\{a_p^t\}_{p=1}^P$.

$$(\Psi H_{mn})^{t}(s) = \sum_{p=1}^{P} \frac{c_{p,mn}^{t}}{s - a_{p}^{t}} + c_{0,mn}^{t}$$
(2)

$$\Psi^{t}(s) = \sum_{p=1}^{P} \frac{\tilde{c}_{p}^{t}}{s - a_{p}^{t}} + \tilde{c}_{0}^{t}$$
(3)

In the first iteration step (t=0), the initial starting poles a_p^0 are selected according to a heuristical scheme [8]. It is trivial to transform (1) into an overdetermined set of least-squares equations $A^t x^t = b^t$, where the solution vector x^t contains the unknown coefficients $\{c_{p,nn}^t, \tilde{c}_p^t\}_{p=0}^P$. Based on the coefficients $\{\tilde{c}_p^t\}_{p=0}^P$, it is possible to obtain a new set of relocated poles by solving the zeros of $\Psi^t(s)$ as an eigenvalue problem. These relocated poles replace the initial set of poles, and the process of solving (1)

is repeated iteratively until the poles are converged to some quasi-optimal position. The trivial null solution of (1) is avoided by setting one coefficient $\tilde{c}_0^t = 1$ or by adding an additional relaxation constraint to (1), as in [9]. It was shown in a previous report that this process is related to the Sanathanan-Koerner iteration [16].

In the final iteration step (t = T), the transfer function $(\Psi H_{mn})^T(s)$ in partial fraction form is obtained by solving (1) with $\Psi^T(s) = 1$. All the details about this Vector Fitting procedure are extensively reported in literature, see [8, 17].

3 Passivity Enforcement Algorithm

The passivity constraints for stable and causal macromodels in the scattering case require that the singular values of the transfer matrix H are unitary bounded [18,19]

$$I - H_{mn}^{H}(j\omega)H_{mn}(j\omega) \ge 0 \quad \forall \omega \in \mathbb{R}$$
 (4)

By computing the eigenvalues of an associated Hamiltonian matrix, it is possible to assess algebraically the passivity of the model [20,21]. In addition, the eigenvalues can be used to exactly pinpoint the boundaries of possible passivity violations. To compensate any occurring violations, the following procedure is used. First a dense set of frequencies ω_k is used to evaluate the singular value decomposition

$$H_{mn}(j\omega_k) = U_k \Sigma_k V_k^H \tag{5}$$

where $\Sigma_k = \text{diag}(\sigma_{1,k},...,\sigma_{Q,k})$ is a diagonal matrix that contains the singular values on its main diagonal. The set contains all the samples of the original frequency response, combined with some additional samples in the vicinity of passivity violations [22]. These samples are included to ensure a good resolution of the singular value trajectories. Then, a set of violation parameters is constructed as follows

$$\Delta H_{mn}(j\omega_k) = U_k \Delta \Sigma_k V_k^H \tag{6}$$

with $\Delta \Sigma_k = \text{diag}(\Delta \sigma_{1,k},...,\Delta \sigma_{Q,k})$, where

$$\Delta \sigma_{q,k} = 0 \text{ if } \sigma_{q,k} \le \gamma$$
 (7)

$$\Delta \sigma_{q,k} = \sigma_{q,k} - \gamma \text{ if } \sigma_{q,k} > \gamma$$
 (8)

The threshold parameter γ is chosen close to, but less than 1. In general, larger values of γ (closer to 1) are able to better preserve the accuracy of the model, but may require additional iterations to achieve passivity. In order to make the model passive, a new set of offset residues $\Delta c_{p,mn}^T$ is computed by fitting the violation parameters $\Delta H_{mn}(j\omega_k)$ using the same set of poles of the original model.

$$\arg\min\left|\left(\Psi H_{mn}\right)^{T}(j\omega) - \Delta H_{mn}(j\omega)\right|^{2} \tag{9}$$

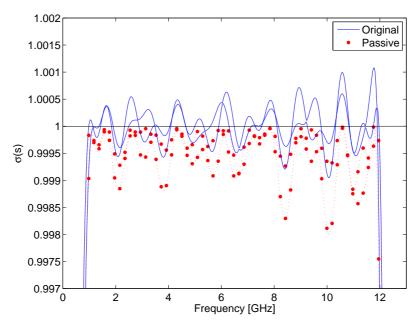


Fig. 1 Quarter Wavelength: Singular values of scattering matrix.

A new model with reduced passivity violations is obtained by substituting $c_{p,mn}^T$ with $c_{p,mn}^T - \Delta c_{p,mn}^T$. The process is repeated iteratively until passivity is reached.

4 Example: Quarter Wavelength Filter

In this example, the presented approach is used to compute a passive macromodel of a 2-port quarter wavelength filter. The scattering parameters of the structure are simulated in the frequency domain with a planar full-wave electromagnetic simulator over the frequency range 1 GHz to 12 GHz. Then, the vector fitting algorithm is used to approximate the response by a 28-pole strictly proper transfer function using 1000 data samples. The desired model accuracy of the S-parameters is -60 dB or better, which corresponds approximately to 3 significant digits.

Even though the simulated data samples are passive, it is seen from Figure 1 that the resulting macromodel has several small in-band passivity violations. Therefore, the proposed passivity enforcement procedure is applied to compensate them, and the algorithm converges to a passive macromodel in a few iteration steps. It is found that the maximum singular value of the scattering matrix decreases monotonically in each iteration step of the algorithm. Figure 2 shows the magnitude of the original frequency response, and the deviation that is caused by the passivity perturbation. It is clear that the overall accuracy of the macromodel is well preserved.

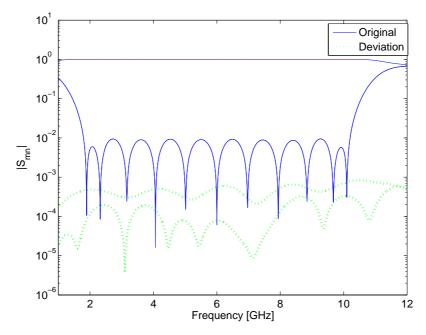


Fig. 2 Quarter Wavelength: Magnitude of matrix elements.

5 Conclusions

An efficient algorithm for passive macromodeling of microwave components is proposed. First, a robust macromodeling technique is used to approximate the frequency response with a rational transfer function. Then, the passivity of the model is assessed by using an algebraic passivity test. If the model is non-passive, an iterative passivity enforcement scheme is applied to perturb the model coefficients using a standard least-squares procedure. Numerical results confirm that the approach is effective, and that the perturbation does not compromise the accuracy of the model.

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Contents

Part I Circuit and Electromagnetic Device Simulation	
Wavelet Algorithm for Circuit Simulation	5
Structural Characterization of Circuit Configurations with Undamped Oscillations Ricardo Riaza and Caren Tischendorf	13
Entrainment Phenomena in Nonlinear Oscillations	21
Initial Conditions and Robust Newton-Raphson for Harmonic Balance Analysis of Free-Running Oscillators Jarmo Virtanen, E. Jan W. ter Maten, Theo G.J. Beelen, Mikko Honkala, and Mikko Hulkkonen	29
Rational Modeling Algorithm for Passive Microwave Structures and Systems Dirk Deschrijver, Tom Dhaene, Oliver Salazar Celis, and Annie Cuyt	37
An Existence Result for Index-2 PDAE System Arising in Semiconductor Modeling	45
Deterministic Numerical Solution of the Boltzmann Transport Equation . Karl Rupp, Tibor Grasser, and Ansgar Jüngel	53
Analysis of Self-Heating Effects in Sub-Micron Silicon Devices with Electrothermal Monte Carlo Simulations Orazio Muscato and Vincenza Di Stefano	61

viii Contents

Diffusive Limit of a MEP Hydrodynamical Model Obtained from the Bloch-Boltzmann-Peierls Equations for Semiconductors Giuseppe Alì, Vittorio Romano, and Nella Rotundo	69
Automatic Layout Optimization of Power Discrete Devices Using Innovative Distributed Model Techniques Giuseppe Greco and Salvatore Rinaudo	77
3D Stress Simulations of Nano Transistors Abderrazzak El Boukili	85
Hybrid Formulations and Discretisations for Magnetoquasistatic Models Herbert De Gersem, Stephan Koch, and Thomas Weiland	93
A 3D Meshless Approach for Transient Electromagnetic PDEs	107
Modelling and Analysis of the Nonlinear Dynamics of the Transrapid and Its Guideway Michael Dellnitz, Florian Dignath, Kathrin Flaßkamp, Mirko Hessel-von Molo, Martin Krüger, Robert Timmermann, and Qinghua Zheng	113
Part II Model Order Reduction for Chip Design	
A Structure Preserving FGMRES Method for Solving Large	
Lyapunov Equations	131
Matthias Bollhöfer and André K. Eppler Model Reduction for Linear Descriptor Systems with Many Ports	
Matthias Bollhöfer and André K. Eppler Model Reduction for Linear Descriptor Systems with Many Ports Peter Benner and André Schneider Model Order Reduction of Nonlinear Systems By Interpolating Input-Output Behavior	137
Matthias Bollhöfer and André K. Eppler Model Reduction for Linear Descriptor Systems with Many Ports Peter Benner and André Schneider Model Order Reduction of Nonlinear Systems By Interpolating Input-Output Behavior Michael Striebel and Joost Rommes Krylov-Subspace Based Model Reduction of Nonlinear Circuit Models Using Bilinear and Quadratic-Linear Approximations	137 145

Structure-Exploiting Symbolic-Numerical Model Reduction of Nonlinear Electrical Circuits	179
Using Sensitivities for Symbolic Analysis and Model Order Reduction of Systems with Parameter Variation Christian Salzig, Matthias Hauser, and Alberto Venturi	187
Multi-Objective Optimization of RF Circuit Blocks via Surrogate Models and NBI and SPEA2 Methods Luciano De Tommasi, Theo G.J. Beelen, Marcel F. Sevat, Joost Rommes, and E. Jan W. ter Maten	195
Part III Uncertainties and Stochastics	
On a Numerical Approximation Scheme for Construction of the Early Exercise Boundary for a Class of Nonlinear Black–Scholes Equations Daniel Ševčovič	207
On the Stability of a Compact Finite Difference Scheme for Option Pricing	215
Stationary Solutions of Some Nonlinear Black–Scholes Type Equations Arising in Option Pricing Maria de Fátima Fabião, Maria do Rosário Grossinho, Eva Morais, and Onofre Alves Simões	223
Variants of the Combination Technique for Multi-Dimensional Option Pricing Janos Benk, Hans-Joachim Bungartz, Aliz-Eva Nagy, and Stefanie Schraufstetter	231
Stochastic PDAE-Model and Associated Monte-Carlo Simulations for Elastic Threads in Turbulent Flows Nicole Marheineke and Raimund Wegener	239
Production Networks with Stochastic Machinery Default	247
Verified Simulation for Robustness Evaluation of Tracking Controllers	255
Structural Analysis for the Design of Reliable Controllers and State Estimators for Uncertain Dynamical Systems	263

x Contents

Wiener Calculus for Differential Equations with Uncertainties	271
Polynomial Chaos and Its Application to Delay Differential Equations with Uncertainties Manuel Villegas Caballero	283
Part IV Production	
Nonlinear Metamodeling of Bulky Data and Applications in Automotive Design Igor Nikitin, Lialia Nikitina, and Tanja Clees	295
Heat Transfer During Annealing of Steel Coils	303
Deformations Arising During Air-Knife Stripping in the Galvanisation of Steel	311
Modelling Preform and Mould Shapes in Blow Moulding	319
Asymptotic Analysis of a Multi-Component Wet Chemical Etching Model	327
Numerical Treatment of Fiber–Fiber and Fiber-Obstacle Contacts in Technical Textile Manufacturing Ferdinand Olawsky, Martin Hering-Bertram, Andre Schmeißer, and Nicole Marheineke	335
A Model of Rotary Spinning Process	341
Asymptotic Models of Different Complexity for Viscous Jets and Their Applicability Regimes	349
Wavelet Methods for the Representation, Analysis and Simulation of Optical Surfaces	357
Modelling Two-Dimensional Photopolymer Patterns Produced with Multiple-Beam Holography Dana Mackey, Tsvetanka Babeva, Izabela Naydenova, and Vincent Toal	365

Contents xi

Modeling Berry's Phase in Graphene by Using a Quantum Kinetic Approach	373
Omar Morandi and Ferdinand Schürrer	
Multi Scale Random Sets: From Morphology to Effective Behaviour Dominique Jeulin	381
Part V Modeling, Analysis and Computation of Fluid Dynamics Problems	
Mathematical Modelling of Phase Change with a Flowing Thin Film Tim G. Myers and Sarah L. Mitchell	399
On Modeling of Curved Jets of Viscous Fluid Hitting a Moving Surface	407
Air Elimination in Milk Michael Devereux and William Lee	421
Quantum Navier–Stokes Equations Ansgar Jüngel and Josipa-Pina Milišić	427
Travelling-Wave Similarity Solutions for an Unsteady Gravity-Driven Dry Patch	441
Asymptotics of a Small Liquid Drop on a Cone and Plate Rheometer Vincent Cregan, Stephen B.G. O'Brien, and Sean McKee	449
Finger Formation and Non-newtonian Fluids	457
Numerical Modelling and Simulation of Ship Hull Geometries	465
Analysis of Combustion and Turbulence Models in a Cylindrical Combustion Chamber Alexandru Dumitrache, Florin Frunzulica, and Horia Dumitrescu	473
Numerical Method for a Stefan-Type Problem with Interior Layers Martin Viscor and Martin Stynes	479
Part VI Life and Environmental Sciences	
The Post-Newtonian Geolocation Problem by TDOA J.M. Gambi, M.C. Rodriguez-Teijeiro, and M.L. Garcia del Pino	489

xii Contents

Analytical Method for Inverse Problems of Deep Magneto Telluric Sounding	497
Modelling the Mechanical Behaviour of a Pharmaceutical Tablet Using PDEs Norhayati Ahmat, Hassan Ugail, and Gabriela González Castro	505
On Causality of Thermoacoustic Tomography of Dissipative Tissue Richard Kowar	513
A Mathematical Model for Drug Delivery	521
Estimators of the Intensity of Fibre Processes and Applications	529
Optimal Control Strategies for Stochastic/Deterministic Bioeconomic Models Darya Filatova	537
Fishway Optimization Revisited	545
On a Wind Farm Aggregate Model Based on the Output Rescaling of a Single Turbine Model Luciano De Tommasi and Madeleine Gibescu	553
Adaptive Modelling of Coupled Hydrological Processes with Application in Water Management	561
Part VII Dedicated and Versatile Methods	
FEINS: Finite Element Solver for Shape Optimization with Adjoint Equations René Schneider	573
Invariant Loading for Full Vehicle Simulation	581
Structure Preserving Spatial Discretization of a Piezoelectric Beam Thomas Voß	587

Contents xiii

Error Estimates for Finite-Dimensional Approximations in Control of Distributed Parameter Systems	595
Solving Non-smooth Delay Differential Equations with Multiquadrics Francisco Bernal	603
Higher-Order Matrix Splines for Systems of Second-Order Differential Equations Emilio Defez, Michael M. Tung, Jacinto Javier Ibáñez, and Luna Soler	611
Multiscale Methods in Time and Space	619
A Cache-Oblivious Sparse Matrix–Vector Multiplication Scheme Based on the Hilbert Curve Albert-Jan N. Yzelman and Rob H. Bisseling	627
Absorbing Boundary Conditions for Solving Stationary Schrödinger Equations Pauline Klein, Xavier Antoine, Christophe Besse, and Matthias Ehrhardt	635
Diffusion on Surfaces of Revolution	643
Verified Analysis of a Biomechanics-Related System Ekaterina Auer	651
Subject Index	659
Authors Index	665



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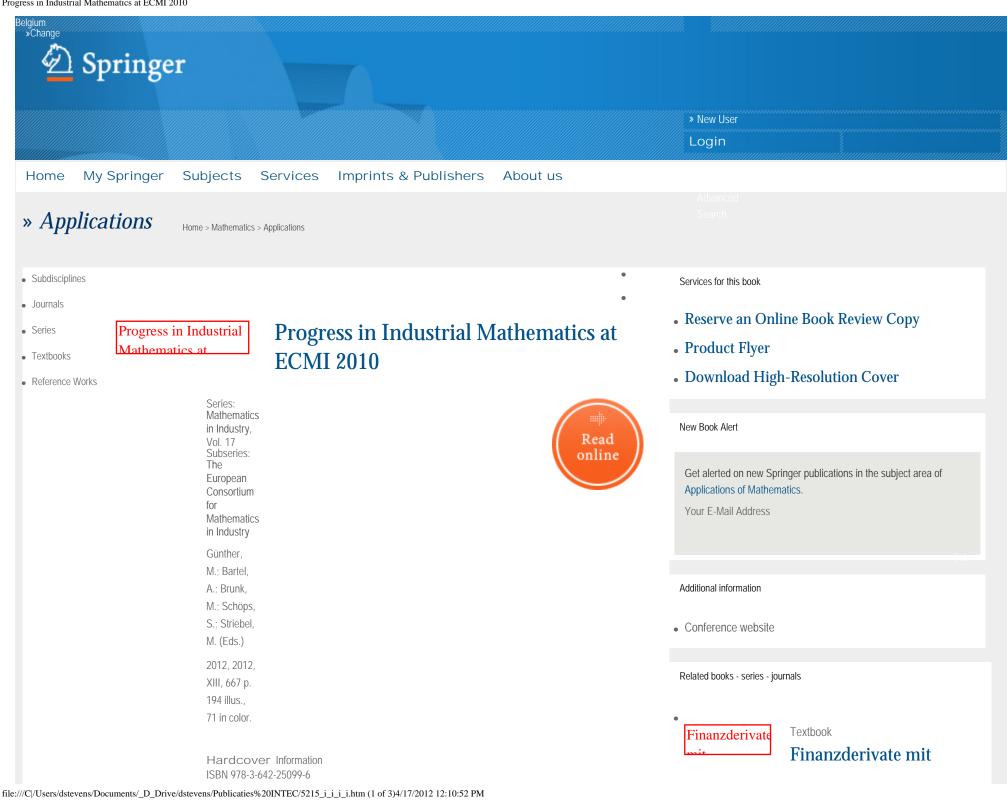
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